

THE SPIKE OF LIFE.

There was Nothing Monotonous at Cripple Creek Yesterday.

A VORACIOUS AT A VAIN.

Claim Jumpers on Raven Hill—Accident on the Midland Grade—A Heavy Explosion in Town—A Couple of Strikes Announced.

Special to The Gazette.

Cripple Creek, March 14.—"Let's go that way," said a man, pointing his finger in the direction of the Cripple Creek mine, "that's the way to go." It is the manner in which the Cripple Creek mine is being worked that has attracted the attention of the public. The mine is being worked in a manner that is entirely new to the world. The mine is being worked in a manner that is entirely new to the world.

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was found in a vein that was not heretofore known to exist on the property.

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Cripple Creek, March 14.—The Cripple Creek mine company up to tonight having failed to notify the City Council of their acceptance of the terms of the ordinance, passed at the meeting of the Council on Tuesday night, the city will proceed to annul the franchise and declare the contract made in violation of the law.

The Crawford mine, on the site of the old Daniel mine, some two months since, and being the Crawford process, does not appear to be making a success of treating Cripple Creek ores.

Several prospectors returning from the country below Lawrence verify the reported finding of rich ore, but the exact location has not been made public. Assays made on this ore show better than \$200 per ton.

Prospectors about the mine are again stirred up by a strike on made on the grade of the Crawford mine, now being built. A vein was uncovered a few feet since by one of the graders which shows by assay \$200 per ton in gold.

Ore assaying \$100 per ton has been discovered on the M. & C. claim on Squaw mountain. It is the property of the Colorado Consolidated company. The strike is a vein eighteen inches wide and the company is taking out a car load for shipment.

A strike of good looking ore is reported from a fractional claim on the side between Barry and Arcadia. The claim is owned by the Barry and Arcadia and is said to be something new and extraordinary.

An attachment was made today for \$2.00 by John C. Barry of a man upon the property of Cooper Bros. & Co., assessors, on the Garfield-Grouse. Other claims outstanding, it is said, will aggregate \$2000.

There has been a stampede of prospectors the last few days to the Spring Creek and Mayo mountain country. The prospectors are looking for a strike of ore.

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Beaver creek commenced work again after an enforced cessation of several weeks, caused by the freezing up of the creek.

The United States Senator N. P. Ziehl arrived in the city yesterday at noon in company with a party of visitors. The party was composed of several men who were interested in the Cripple Creek mine.

A strike is reported to have been made in the 30th level No. 1 on the Crawford mine. The strike is a vein of ore that is said to be something new and extraordinary.

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W. E. Becker, et al.; Durham by R. H. Hargrave, et al.

At the Recorder's Office. Location Certificate—Cripple Creek district, the Professional No. 2, by W. E. Becker, et al., and R. H. Hargrave, et al., for the purpose of mining on the property of the Colorado Consolidated company.

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improve during the last week. Speculation has not been so much of a profession as it has during the last few days.

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the others. It is the most persistent producer, excepting the Victor, of any property in the Cripple Creek district.

A compromise favorable to the defendant has been reached in the case of the Red Top and the Wicklow in the Cripple Creek district.

People who are looking for investment in Cripple Creek mines must move within the next month to get in on the ground floor.

Ore carrying, as an ounce of gold has been struck on the Silver Creek at the edge of the Cripple Creek district in the town of the Barataria company in the Cripple Creek.

The Gold King mill at the mine is now working in full compliance of stamps on one of the finest pieces of gold ore which has ever been found yet in any of its workings.

The controversy between the Cripple Creek county commissioners and the West Extension Anglo-Saxon mine in reference to a dump on the wagon road to Silver Creek has been settled.

The Star of Hope mine, known as the Bonanza, Leadville, was sold under attachment yesterday to John Smith of the Leadville district for \$5,200. Over \$10,000 has been invested in it.

A gold strike is reported near Leadville, Pueblo county.

Bankrupt stock has gone up on the probability of a dividend.

The Congress mine, Arizona, has been purchased by J. C. Gage for \$2,000,000. It is said to produce \$100,000,000.

Vice-President Williams of the Golden Eagle company, who is acting as superintendent for the company, came down yesterday and brings very favorable reports of the aspect of things in the Cripple Creek.

The February output of the Smith-Moore group at Leadville was as follows: Gray, 24,000 tons of carbonates and 2,250 tons of iron ore; Orion, 402 tons of carbonates; Maid of Erin, 600 tons of carbonates and 70 tons of iron ore; Wolf, 400 tons of carbonates and 200 tons of iron ore.

The Cripple Creek company whose incorporation papers were filed yesterday has five claims, the Leadville on the north side of Big Butte, the Barry, Little Giant, and Bear Friend on the southwest slope of Trencher's Hill and the Northwest on the north side of the Northwest slope of Trencher's Hill.

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WEEKLY GAZETTE

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 WILLIAM ALEXANDER PLATT,
 Editor and Publisher.

COLORADO'S ADVANTAGES.

During these times of financial and commercial upheaval the life of western immigration continues; it is not with a strong flow as at other periods, still, with a volume strong and steady. Indeed, the breaking up and loosening of business ties in the older communities may at the present time accelerate somewhat the westward movement.

As an exponent of western interests, more particularly those of Colorado, the Gazette has a ways sought to furnish trustworthy and conservative statements concerning local conditions. While not acting in a becoming spirit of optimism this paper has endeavored to present to the home-seeker facts rather than fancies.

Colorado has long been noted for its silver mines, its great stock ranches, fine scenery and health-restoring climate. Not until recently has much been known respecting its wonderful gold deposits, its vast stores of coal, iron, copper, petroleum, building stone and marble, its great irrigation works, agriculture, and horticultural wealth, growing manufactures, cities, towns, schools, churches and people.

Although the demonization of silver was a heavy blow to a leading industry, it has by no means caused permanent or irretrievable injury. Silver is still produced at a profit in some localities. It is confidently expected that under new and reformed conditions the mining of the white metal will again take high rank as a local industry.

An account of the recent great discoveries and revival of gold mining here would be too voluminous for a newspaper paragraph. The gold belt extends from northeast to southwest across the entire State. The gold produced last year was \$7,000,000, in addition to the old camps and mines, over fifty new gold camps have been established in twenty-one counties. It is estimated that the gold yield of the State for 1893 will reach \$21,000,000.

The coal fields of Colorado cover thousands of square miles. The product in 1893 was 12,000,000 tons, shipments of which were made to all parts of the trans-mississippi country and as far south as the Gulf coast. The iron ore product for 1893 was valued at \$10,000,000. This is only the beginning of a great industry. The quarrying of building and paving stone, granite and marble for architectural employment for large numbers of people, the product of the State is as vast as its coal.

The agriculture of the State is an outgrowth of the great irrigation system, which is the basis of the system of agriculture. The product of the State is estimated to be \$100,000,000. The product of the State is estimated to be \$100,000,000. The product of the State is estimated to be \$100,000,000.

Horticulture has a ready become an important industry in Colorado. A dozen years ago orchards of any kind were hardly known. Now there are 90,000 acres in fruit, one-third of which has come in bearing, and yielding as year \$2,500,000. The apple, peach, pear, apricot, grape, plum, cherry and other fruits are at home in the mountain and lower valleys. Strawberries, raspberries and most of the small fruits yield prolifically. And a ready market exists at fair prices.

The raising of live stock, dairying, agriculture, wool-growing and poultry farming are all profitable industries. Manufacturing, though yet in its infancy, is fast assuming large proportions. In 1893 in Denver alone, the products of some manufacture were valued at \$37,000,000. The total product of the State is estimated at twice that amount.

The educational system of Colorado is one of the best known; it is essentially modern and progressive. A University, School of Mines, Agriculture, College, Normal and Reform schools are maintained by the State. In addition there are colleges, seminaries, academies, and many private schools of recognized standing and worth. The public schools are as efficient as any in the Union.

But space will not permit even a bare enumeration of the superior advantages which Colorado offers to those seeking homes, health, wealth or pleasure. The magnificent scenery of the State, its pure atmosphere, its forests and lakes, wild game and fish constitute additional, and irresistible attractions. Of all these attractions, Colorado Springs is the center, the gem, the Jewel. In this immediate neighborhood are the greatest go-camp of the United States, the finest scenery, and some of the best orchards, gardens and ranches.

and the climate is simply unequalled by that of any city on earth. It combines as no other city does, irresistible attractions for the home-seeker, the health-seeker, the pleasure-seeker, and the business-seeker. This is the place, O citizens of less favored localities, to grow healthy and wealthy, and, if you please, wise. Come and try it, and you never will want to live anywhere else.

THE NEW WATER RIGHT.

There is no doubt, this time, that the city has secured the most valuable right on Fountain creek. Number one is number one, and there is nothing ahead of it. The Woodbury purchase was, we believe, a good investment, although the amount of water that can be obtained from that creek is of course much less than the nominal size of the right; but the new right is the best one on the creek, not only because it is number one, but because it calls for a very large amount of water, and will secure the city a supply, in case proper provision is made for storage and distribution, against any scarcity for many years to come.

Great credit is due to Mayor Stricker and Mr. Dunbar for their successful efforts in obtaining this right for the city. They have been unceasing in their efforts to perfect the city's water system, and it is largely due to their good work that we have now probably the best supply of any city in the West. The other members of the council, who have seconded their efforts, deserve their share of the credit, too, for without the backing of a majority of the council the efforts of any one or two men must have been in vain.

There is going to be some good chess in New York this week. Lasker and Steinitz have at last composed their differences, and signed articles for a match. The terms are as follows: play begins in New York March 15 and continues at the rate of three games a week until one player has won four games. Then they go to Philadelphia where they will play five games. The winner must win three games. The winner must win three games. The winner must win three games. The winner must win three games. The winner must win three games.

Lord Rosebery's speech at the Liberal conference was more important as an outline of the policy of the government than the so-called Queen's speech. It was intended, evidently to reconcile the possibly conflicting elements of the government's late support, and to bring into line both the Irish party and the Radicals. The speech was a masterpiece of statesmanship, and it is possible that the old man may keep his hold on the imperial crown, but Lasker is a genius, and in our opinion the odds should be greatly in his favor.

The election riots in Troy, N.Y., are a natural outcome of the system of gerrymandering which has for years prevailed in that city. The New York legislature has now before it a bill reorganizing the election machinery of Troy, and this election is a further proof, if any were wanting of how badly a reform is needed.

The rumors that are current about speculations by members of Congress and their friends who are "on the inside" in stocks that will be effected by the passage of the tariff bill, are becoming so persistent, as to demand investigation. There was some queer inside speculation in Cleveland's former administration.

The Governor of Louisiana has done what was expected in appointing Representative Newton C. Bancard to fill the temporary vacancy caused by Senator White's resignation, to go on the Supreme Bench. Both the Senators from Louisiana are now appointees of the Governor and the next legislature will elect successors to both.

One of our Colorado exchanges remarks: "We have been accustomed in past years to observe the monthly decrease of the public debt. Things are changed. The public debt was increased \$8,000,000 last month." We shall see further increases before long and probably as long as Mr. Cleveland remains in office.

The Colorado Sun celebrated on Sunday the third anniversary of its birth as a newspaper by publishing a twenty-four-page number on pink paper. The Sun is a good newspaper, and has lately taken a new lease of life and bids fair to prosper as it deserves.

FOR SILVER AND GOLD.

The growth of bimetallism in the parts of the country is becoming more marked at the time. In a recent statement by President Francis A. Walker, of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, he said of the newly formed union of bimetallists in Boston: "They believe that, more than any other cause, the systematic representation of bimetallism at the North-east has been influential in arousing the feelings of wrong and anger in the South and West so unreasonably manifest of late years. Certain persons in highly influential positions have devoted themselves to the purpose of arousing the people to the belief that the silver question is one of the sections of the country that New England and New York strongly adhere to gold monometallism. The South and West have unfortunately believed this, and have even come to believe not only that the North-east favors gold monometallism, but that it does so for the selfish purpose of aggrandizing itself by increasing the burden of the mortgage which it holds upon other parts of the country. This mistaken conviction has come into existence."

General Walker was one of the delegates from this country to the International Monetary conference held in Paris in 1878, and has therefore been familiar with the subject for many years. He is, and always has been, a strong bimetallist.

Commenting upon the remarks quoted above, the Chicago Inter Ocean says: "There is no doubt about it. A sectional antagonism is being crystallized which ought not to exist at all, and would not if genuine bimetallism prevailed. Perhaps this country is obliged by the attitude of Europe to be on special guard against falling into practical silver monometallism, but surely if Germany will only join the United States they can together throw off all timidity and boldly adopt the most thorough bimetallism. General Walker admires and with great consciousness states the true purposes of the double standard."

The statement of at least an approximate part of the foregoing facts is not a very surprising one. A high degree of stability in the money market, combined of the two metals, than would be attainable with either alone. To prevent the disastrous results which might otherwise follow the rapid depreciation or appreciation of one of the money metals, through increasing abundance or scarcity.

All these three great objects were well secured until 1873, and there is no good reason why they may not be regained and retained.

Such an utterance on behalf of the leading Republican paper of Illinois and in a center of gold monometallism like Chicago is decidedly significant.

THE LEAGUE CALL.

The call for the convention of the Republican League of the United States at Denver, named June 26 as the date, and invites all those in harmony with the Republican party to co-operate. All are invited, in the call.

"Who believe that the humane, industrial and progressive American policy of the Republican party is best for the protection of life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness for the American people."

"Who believe in honest elections as the basis of every institution, and the right of every voter to cast one vote and have it fairly counted."

"Who believe in the dignity of free labor and the faithful maintenance of the difference between American and European wages."

"Who believe in the establishment of a policy of protection to American industry and American workmen, and in the Republican policy of reciprocity."

"Who believe in the fullest protection of property and a form of investment, and yet who are opposed to corporation rule in the government of either nation or State."

"Who believe in the Union soldier as the hero of the nation, and in the day of his sacrifice and service."

"Who believe in sound money and the use of gold and silver as standard money, and that the purchasing and carrying power of the dollar, whether of silver, gold, or paper, shall be at all times equal, as pledged in the national Republican platform at Minneapolis."

"Who believe in practical civil service reform such as will separate the spoils from politics, and yet preserve the people in control of a public office and a public affairs."

"Who believe in liberal and broad minded policies and in the assertion of American ideas in all American affairs."

The call ends with these stirring words: "The league chooses to open the new contest with this convention held on the slopes of the Rocky Mountains and invites the Republicans of the United States to assemble in this great, undeveloped, resourceful, western country and renew their loyalty to the party for the preservation of past achievements and organize for greater victory in the future, in response to the public demand for Republican protection, national prosperity and national administration distinctly American in policy."

All of this will be cordially endorsed by the Republicans of Colorado, who will help to make this convention the most successful in the history of the league and the beginning of a campaign of victory.

An ordinance was introduced last evening in the City Council to limit the duties of the City Attorney and reduce his salary. It seems to us that the council will make a mistake if it passes this ordinance. The post of City Attorney is a responsible one, which should be filled by a good lawyer, and his advice should be sought by the Council with confidence on legal matters. It follows that the salary should be commensurate with the importance of the office. A good salary will command the services of a good lawyer, and no other is wanted. It is possibly economy to cut down salaries below the point where first-class talent cannot be secured.

services of a good lawyer, and no other is wanted. It is possibly economy to cut down salaries below the point where first-class talent cannot be secured.

CHANGES IN THE TARIFF BILL.

The Democrats on the Finance Committee have made a number of changes in the Wilson bill as it came from the House. The most important of these are the extension of the bonded period for whiskey to eight years, and the imposition of duties on sugar and molasses, and on iron ore and coal, and the raising of the duty on molasses and cuts from thirty-five to forty-five per cent. *ad valorem*. The Louisiana Senators were instruments in putting the duty on sugar; Senators Bruce and Gorman on iron ore and coal; the creditor for the lead ore duty is probably due mainly to Senator Dunois; and the band of Senator Murray is seen in the ten per cent increase on coals and cuts.

As compared with the McKinley bill, the proposed duties on these articles are light. On sugar, the new law places one cent per pound; the McKinley bill, except from countries with a valid reciprocity agreement were made, placed two cents per pound on the same class of sugars.

On iron ore, the present duty is seventy-five cents per ton; the proposed duty is forty cents per ton. On bituminous coal, the present duty is seventy-five cents per ton, and on slack, thirty cents per ton. The proposed duties are forty cents per ton on bituminous coal, and fifteen cents per ton on slack. Anthracite coal is free under both schedules. Coke pays twenty per cent *ad valorem* at present, and fifteen per cent as proposed. Lead ore pays one cent and one-half cent per pound at present, and three-fourths of a cent as proposed.

In most of these cases, the proposed duty is just about half the present duty. The most objectionable feature is the extension of the bonded period for whiskey from three years to eight. This means millions for the whiskey trust. The surcharge on whiskey, in eight years, amounts to anywhere from six to sixteen gallons in the barrel—probably an average of ten gallons. At the rate of \$1.00 per gallon, this is a saving to the distillers of \$10 a barrel, or as compared with three years, the present bonded period, it is a saving over the present tax of at least \$5.50 per barrel. In addition to this the lengthened period and the additional tax of 20 cents per gallon will enable the distiller to put up the price, thus making a gain for them in two ways.

Notwithstanding Mr. Read's opinion that the bill as reported to the Senate is worse than it was as passed by the House, it seems probable that it will, at least provide more revenue. The duty on sugar will bring in probably \$35,000,000 a year, and the duties on coal and on iron ore will yield a considerable revenue—no one now can tell just how much. Still, the bill is not a revenue measure, for without the income tax, there would be a deficiency of nearly \$100,000,000 a year. As originally introduced, the Wilson bill provided for a deficit of about \$75,000,000. The deficit this year is about \$75,000,000, making \$250,000,000 in all. But the revenue from coal and iron ore and sugar at \$50,000,000, and \$100,000,000 remain to be collected from income tax and from the new tax of two cents a pack on playing cards.

It is to be considered, of course, that importations under the proposed tariff, if it ever goes into effect, would be larger than under the present tariff, and therefore the amount of duties collected might reduce the deficiency to \$50,000,000. But it is also to be considered that increased importation means decreased home production, lowered wages, and lessened power of consumption.

A great many other changes are made, but they are slight as compared with those we have mentioned. Some of them are increases on Wilson's proposed duties, and some of them are decreases. A good many articles have been taken off the free list, and some have been put on. In the whole, the tariff bill is a mighty bad bill, yet, and we think the Republican senators ought to fight it to the end by every means in their power.

A stranger who walks about our city to-day might naturally suppose, from the number of new houses either just finished or now building, that this town is having a boom. It isn't. Things are moving, and they have got to go a little faster in order to make up for what was comparative a lull year in 1893. That is all, but it is enough to keep a good many people busy.

In several recent cases the soldiers of Great Britain have been only beaten by Arabian savages. The Assam incident added to that which recently happened in West Africa, will arouse the British lion, and may lead to a popular demand that the efficiency of the army shall be increased.

The appointment of Judge C. A. McMorris as Public Trustee under the new act is an excellent one. Judge McMorris has served as City Attorney for a number of years, and has given entire satisfaction in that capacity. He is a man of proved integrity and ability, and no better man could have been found for Public Trustee. We congratulate the citizens of El Paso county on the appointment.

GOVERNMENT AS A BUSINESS.

Without attempting to draw a hard and fast distinction which might not hold good in every particular, it may safely be said that the government of the United States—or of any country—may be divided, generally, into two great classes of functions: the political, and the business. The work of the State Department, for instance, must be largely, indeed mainly, political, but there is routine business even in the State Department. The method of keeping the archives and the books, for instance, is a matter of business detail, that has nothing to do with politics. In the same way every department has its political side and its business side; and in most of the departments the proportion of business to politics is much greater than it is in the State Department.

As a business, our government is one of the largest in the world. Hundreds of millions of dollars are expended every year, and it is obvious that none but the best and most economical business methods should be used. The system of keeping accounts, for instance, should be as simple as possible, and yet should be complicated enough to provide proper checks upon all officials concerned in receiving and disbursing government funds.

Heretofore the conduct of the business in each department has been left mainly to the discretion of the officials of that department. Methods have been improved from time to time under successive secretaries—those in the Post Office Department, for instance, under John W. Wamaker, a thorough business man—but the methods vary in the different departments; and there always grows up in any business conducted on substantially the same lines for a number of years, a body of "red tape" which becomes cumbersome.

There is now in progress an examination and reformation of the business methods of the various departments of the government, which is the most extensive and far-reaching, and which is fair to be the most beneficent in its results of any change of the kind that has ever taken place. In fact, nothing exactly of the same kind has before been attempted. This is nothing less than an overhauling of the whole business of the departments and a reconstruction of their business methods on the newest and most approved lines.

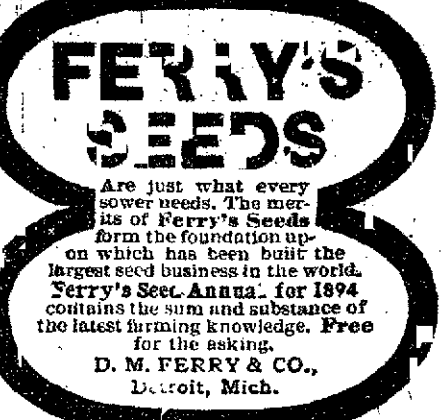
It is only fair to say, and we are glad to note the fact, that the chief credit for this reorganization of the government as a business is due to a Democrat, Judge Alexander M. Doctery of Missouri.

Toward the end of the short session of the Fifty-second Congress he secured an order of the House giving the Committee on Appropriations the power of engrafting upon an appropriation bill the creation of a joint commission of three members of the House of Representatives and three Senators to overhaul the laws establishing the executive departments and other government bureaus in Washington. The commission was a so to inquire into the methods of doing business therein, and the efficiency of the persons employed. They were empowered to employ not exceeding three experts to aid them in their investigations. This order went through the House in the Legislative, Executive, and Judicial Appropriation bill. It was tacked on to the cause making appropriations for the maintenance of the Civil Service Commission.

The joint commission organized immediately after Congress adjourned. All were members-elect to the Fifty-third Congress. The Missouri Senator was elected chairman of the commission. Mr. Doctery, James D. Richardson of Tennessee, and Nelson Dingey, Jr., of Maine represented the House, and Messrs. F. M. Cockrell of Missouri, James K. Jones of Arkansas, and S. M. Culom of Illinois the Senate. The first work of the commission was to secure the services of competent experts. It took from six weeks to two months to find the men wanted. C. W. Reinhardt, vice-president of the Archibald, Topeka and Santa Fe railway was finally induced to accept the position of chief expert to the joint commission, with the privilege of naming his two assistants. He had made a great reputation, first in devising a new system of accounting and general business methods for the New York Central railway system. As vice-president of the Archibald, Topeka and Santa Fe railway, he had reorganized and concentrated the business offices and management. Of the two experts who are doing the work under his general direction, one is Mr. E. W. Selig, late of Colorado Springs.

In a two-column article in last Sunday's New York Sun, Ames Cummings gives an account of this commission and of some of the work it has already accomplished. There is no need here to go into details, but it is asserted by Mr. Cummings that the saving to the government already effected by the recommendations of the commission which have been adopted by Congress, and enacted into law, amounts in the aggregate to \$25,000 a year; and he estimates that by the time they are through, their labors will have resulted in an annual saving of at least \$1,000,000.

It must be understood that this saving is not on account of any pecuniary or fraud in any of the departments heretofore; it is simply the difference between the old business methods and new, between red tape and business science.



This matter has been conducted entirely on non-partisan lines. As Mr. Cummings says, "There is no politics in it. Messrs. Dingey and Culom, Republican members, are working hand in hand with Democrats in effecting the vital reorganization necessary. The House recognizes their work, and has thus far passed their bills without question."

We have referred to this matter before, at the time of the appointment of the commission; but we have seen nothing heretofore in any of the eastern papers in regard to it. We are glad to chronicle the progress that the commission is making in its work, and to record the fact that there is one part of government affairs that is well conducted under Cleveland's administration.

BRAZIL AT PEACE.

There seems to be no doubt that Admiral Gama has given up his attempt to overthrow the Brazilian government and has sought refuge on a foreign ship. Mello gave it up a good while ago; and the country will soon be at peace with the exception of some still unsettled trouble in the State of Rio Grande do Sul. President Moraes may come into office, therefore, under happy auspices, and with an opportunity for a peaceful and prosperous administration.

There are several reasons why this country is particularly interested in the fate and condition of Brazil. It is, after our own, now the largest republic on this continent and this country has always extended its moral support to the republics of South America. Our greatest material interest, however, is because of the existence of a reciprocity treaty with that country, whereby, in consideration of our admitting their coffee, sugar and hides free of duty, they admit our products at rates which are lower than those charged on goods coming into that country from any other. Under this reciprocity arrangement our trade with Brazil has greatly increased in the past three years and a half—has indeed, in our recollection, never been more than during that period.

This latter connection with Brazil, the new tariff bill proposes to abolish, together with all the connections with other countries so carefully formed under the reciprocity section of the McKinley act; but they are not abolished yet, and our relations with Brazil are still closer than the relations between Brazil and any other country. We hope they may continue so, and that the Brazilians may prove now, what as yet has not been demonstrated, that they are capable of conducting a Republican form of government.

The nominations made Tuesday night by the Republicans in the various wards of the city were very good ones, and it is only necessary for the city convention to be equally wise in the selection of its candidates to insure the success of the entire ticket. How much of the success of the primaries had, as evening was due to the presence and co-operation of the ladies, it would be difficult to say, but it is certain that those who were present last evening have good reason to feel satisfied with the result of their first primaries.

Another silver convention has been called by the Bimetallist League to meet at Des Moines, March 21. We don't see that the holding of so many conventions under the auspices of this league does anybody any good except the perennial delegates who get their expenses paid.

THERE is but one

way in the world to be sure of having the best paint, and that is to use only a well-established brand of strictly pure white lead, pure linseed oil, and pure colors.

The following brands are standard, "Old Dutch" process, and are always absolutely

Strictly Pure
 White Lead
 "Southern," "Red Seal,"
 "Collier."

If you want colored paint, tint any of the above strictly pure leads with National Lead Co's Pure White Lead Tinting Colors.

These colors are sold in one-pound cans; each can being sufficient to tint 25 pounds of Strictly Pure White Lead the desired shade; they are in no sense ready-mixed paints, but a combination of perfectly pure colors in the hands of the tintist. Strictly Pure White Lead.

Send us a postal card and get our book on paints and color-card, free.
 NATIONAL LEAD CO.,
 St. Louis Branch,
 Clark Avenue, and Tenth Street, St. Louis.

STOCKS AND MINES.

SILVER... 50 3-4 LEAD... 83.375

LOCAL MARKET QUOT.

Quotations and sales of the principal stocks and bonds in the Colorado Springs market, carefully compiled from a reliable and available source, for the day ending at 6 p.m., March 13, are as follows:

THE CRIPPLE CREEKS.	Bid.	Offer.	Sales.
Adams	0.04	0.04	19,000
Alamo	0.04	0.04	2,000
Anaconda	0.04	0.04	...
Anchorage	0.04	0.04	...
Bankers	0.04	0.04	...
Base 30	0.04	0.04	...
Bob Lee	0.04	0.04	...
Calumet	0.04	0.04	...
Colorado	0.04	0.04	...
Crescent and Cripple Creek	0.04	0.04	...
Cripple Creek Consolidated	0.04	0.04	...
El Paso	0.04	0.04	...
Enterprise	0.04	0.04	...
Freehold	0.04	0.04	...
Gold King	0.04	0.04	...
Gold and Globe	0.04	0.04	...
Golden Dale	0.04	0.04	...
Golden Eagle	0.04	0.04	...
Golden Standard	0.04	0.04	...
Goldstone	0.04	0.04	...
Granite Hill	0.04	0.04	...
Jackpot	0.04	0.04	...
Lottie Gibson	0.04	0.04	...
Moore	0.04	0.04	...
Old Rose	0.04	0.04	...
Orphan Bell	0.04	0.04	...
Pharmacia	0.04	0.04	...
Ramona	0.04	0.04	...
Standard	0.04	0.04	...
Summit	0.04	0.04	...
Union	0.04	0.04	...
Union Pacific	0.04	0.04	...
World	0.04	0.04	...

From the Weekly Letters.

The volume of trading on this market is again on the increase, and inquiries from outside show an interest in speculation which will soon develop into something more tangible. Even now there is a marked advance in the average price of stocks in the active list as compared with that of a few weeks ago. A comparison of current quotations with those of a few months ago is quite more significant. In a list of thirty Cripple Creek stocks, selected from the most active of the companies, twenty-one show an advance of from 10 to 300 per cent. This does not include the Moose and Elton companies, whose shares are now selling at 60 and 70c, respectively, but were not even quoted six months ago. We venture to predict that before the first of September these prices will not be considered remarkable.

We are constantly asked for lists of dividend-paying mines. It is our opinion that the best stocks to purchase at present are among the non-paying list. This is a fact, a much larger opportunity for speculation than the dividend-paying shares which, of course, have a security and a steady advance in price. There are exceptions, however, to this rule. (See W. Proulx, 1st Co.)

At the Recorder's Office.

Location Certificate—Cripple Creek district, the Gar and J. J. James, et al., v. McLean, et al. The Gar and J. J. James, et al., v. McLean, et al. The Gar and J. J. James, et al., v. McLean, et al.

Mining Decree—A. B. Brewington and J. B. Brewington, et al., v. A. B. Brewington, et al. The Gar and J. J. James, et al., v. McLean, et al.

Mining Decree—W. C. McGee to Karama, et al., v. McGee, et al. The Gar and J. J. James, et al., v. McLean, et al.

Mining Decree—The Columbia Gold Mining Co., et al., v. McGee, et al. The Gar and J. J. James, et al., v. McLean, et al.

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Highest of all in Leaving Power—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

mountain averages 100 ounces silver, with a streak carrying 300 to 500 ounces. A gold strike is reported near Frisco on the Santa Fe road.

The Anaconda mines at Butte have a record, showing out 400 men.

A large body of silver ore has been struck in the Collins mine, near Springs.

The Revere mi, Summit county, was resumed. The extension m. is running in force.

Leasers in the Topexa mine, Centra City, have struck ore running 15 ounces gold per ton.

A shipment of 5,725 pounds of ore was made by the Calumet company yesterday to the Colorado smelter at Pueblo.

The option on the Yacur mine at Camp Foy, Colo., for \$750,000, set by Denver parties, has been extended until April.

The magnetic iron found in the sand at Garrison is found to contain 60 to 80 per cent. quantities, assaying from 8 to 10. Quite an excitement is on.

A report, the new town in the Colorado district is booming. A telephone line and a road are being pushed forward. A water system will be put in at once.

The Union Pacific company will operate extensive yard at the mouth of Fort's canon near the City, where a large deposit of silver ore is supposed to have been caught.

William E. Patrick of Leadville has leased 10 acres of the Atlantic Cattle property at Mico. He will erect a concentrator of 25 tons capacity at first. About 25 men will be employed at the start.

Cliff and Saragosa are re-furnishing and re-erecting their office in the Bank block. The prospectus includes a "money and barrel" charge, which is said to be unique.

The tunnel on the Rio Pepper ore at Xantou has reached a depth of 100 feet. Much work is being done on the other claims and the hopes are plentiful for a spring with no less.

The announcement of the strike of the vein in the Virginia M. tunnel on the Lincoln was somewhat premature. What was struck were feeders to the main vein, which were, however, of a good quality.

The Gold King stamp mill at the mine has resumed operations. The Beat Creek mill, which is 20 tons capacity, is to be started up to work San Miguel, consolidated ore. The Agency will resume in a few days.

The Bureau Gold Mining company elected the following officers to serve for the first year: President, G. M. Carter; vice-president, J. K. Brunner; treasurer, J. C. Gorman; secretary, C. C. Deary; assistant secretary, A. A. Young; general manager, E. N. Greene.

Recent assays made from across the ore of the A. O. company's drift on the Somerling Gold show an average value of \$28 a ton. The company has a ready gotten out some five or six carloads of this character which will be ready to ship as soon as the railroad reaches the camp.

The total gold receipts for the two business days of March thus far, at the Denver branch mint have been \$8,000,000, against \$5,953 for the corresponding days in March, 1935. This gain equals 200 per cent. Assayer Puckett estimates the entire month at \$10,000,000. In yesterday's receipts, about \$8,000,000, there was \$2,000,000 from the Karama mine, Arizona, owned by Sullivan and Co. of Denver.

A meeting of the Golden Dale directors was held on Monday evening which was a somewhat stormy affair. There appears to be a difference of opinion among the directors of the company as to how the affairs should be conducted. It was claimed by some that work had been continued at all times and should be continued, and that the company had been involved in needless expense. The question of continuing and leasing the A. S. A. so gave rise to considerable difference of opinion. A committee was appointed consisting of Dr. Spier, S. J. Dickens and W. J. Karama, to report at the next meeting upon the existing question. The resignation of Mr. C. J. Gowley as manager was presented and accepted. Mr. S. J. Dickens resigned as vice-president and director. The meeting adjourned until next Monday.

Considerable interest was manifested yesterday in some handsome specimens of iron pyrites brought in by Mr. M. from North Cheyenne canon and displayed in the office of R. E. Graham. They were taken from the Rosanna ore, which is situated just outside the line of the city park. The vein is a foot in width between granite walls, and is largely composed of quartz. An average of fairly pure iron from near the surface shows a 100 to 150 in gold to the ton. At present there is a depth of only four feet. The vein is well defined and shows some galena and on one side a white rock which closely resembles that found at La Junta. The claim is owned by J. W. Wilson and Rosanna A. Dwight.

The city of Manitou has been offered for the water bonds by Boston parties.

Mrs. McCoombs and son, John McCoombs, have returned from their trip to the Pacific coast.

Justice Walker yesterday discharged Peter J. Sosa, who was held on a charge of obtaining money under false pretenses.

Sailor's Cure, the Great Cough and Croup Cure, is for sale by us. Call for it. Sold by J. D. Robinson.

The farewells of the season 1935 company occurs on the 27th inst. It will be a pleasant occasion and many lovers are being so it.

An adverse suit last yesterday is entered, John J. Zary et al. vs. E. M. De La Vergne, the 3rd in the land, adversely the A. B. B. B.

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The Weekly Gazette

ONE YEAR, One Dollar and a Half

THE GAZETTE.

CURE THAT COUGH WITH SEILO'S CURE

SEILO'S CATARRH

Investigate this cure. It is guaranteed to cure.

FOR SALE BY E. E. BROWN, Engineer.

DR. GUY'S IMPROVED LIVER PILLS

ONE PILLS FOR A DOSE.

A treatment of the liver each day is necessary for health. These pills supply the system with the necessary elements for health. They are mild and gentle, and do not cause any harm. They are the best for the liver and the best for the health.

Sold by F. E. Robinson, Druggist.

VIGOR OF MEN

Weakness, Nervousness, Debility, and all the ills of the system are cured by this medicine. It is the best for the system and the best for the health.

Sold by F. E. Robinson, Druggist.

FAT PEOPLE

Park Obesity Pills will reduce your weight. They are the best for the system and the best for the health.

Sold by F. E. Robinson, Druggist.

TRUSTEES SALE

Whereas, Richard C. Coman, trustee of the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, did on the 10th day of March, 1936, execute a deed of trust of land to the undersigned as trustee and to his successor in trust, the south half of the northeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his first mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his second mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his third mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his fourth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his fifth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his sixth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his seventh mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his eighth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his ninth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his tenth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his eleventh mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his twelfth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his thirteenth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his fourteenth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his fifteenth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his sixteenth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his seventeenth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his eighteenth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his nineteenth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his twentieth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his twenty-first mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his twenty-second mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his twenty-third mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his twenty-fourth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his twenty-fifth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his twenty-sixth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his twenty-seventh mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his twenty-eighth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his twenty-ninth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his thirtieth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his thirty-first mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his thirty-second mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his thirty-third mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his thirty-fourth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his thirty-fifth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his thirty-sixth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his thirty-seventh mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his thirty-eighth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his thirty-ninth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his fortieth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his forty-first mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his forty-second mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his forty-third mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his forty-fourth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his forty-fifth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his forty-sixth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his forty-seventh mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his forty-eighth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his forty-ninth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his fiftieth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his fifty-first mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his fifty-second mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his fifty-third mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his fifty-fourth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his fifty-fifth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his fifty-sixth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his fifty-seventh mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his fifty-eighth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his fifty-ninth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his sixtieth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his sixty-first mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his sixty-second mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his sixty-third mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his sixty-fourth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his sixty-fifth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his sixty-sixth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his sixty-seventh mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his sixty-eighth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his sixty-ninth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his seventieth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his seventy-first mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his seventy-second mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his seventy-third mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his seventy-fourth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his seventy-fifth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his seventy-sixth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his seventy-seventh mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his seventy-eighth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his seventy-ninth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his eightieth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his eighty-first mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his eighty-second mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his eighty-third mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his eighty-fourth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his eighty-fifth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his eighty-sixth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his eighty-seventh mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his eighty-eighth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his eighty-ninth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his ninetieth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his ninety-first mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his ninety-second mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his ninety-third mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his ninety-fourth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his ninety-fifth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his ninety-sixth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his ninety-seventh mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his ninety-eighth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his ninety-ninth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his one hundredth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his one hundred and first mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his one hundred and second mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his one hundred and third mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his one hundred and fourth mortgage on land and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 10, Township 13, Range 85 in the county of El Paso and State of Colorado, to secure the payment of his one hundred